# Extra Slides for Facilitators



#### True or False Quiz

- 1. Violence rarely happens in teenage dating relationships.
- 2. Same sex partners don't engage in violent behavior because there is no need to dominate the other person.
- 3. Using alcohol or drugs is a cause of dating violence.
- 4. Many individuals provoke physical assault through their actions and behaviors.
- 5. Dating Violence happens mostly to females by males.
- 6. Teenagers will frequently tell someone about dating violence when it happens to them.

#### Video



What is one thing you want in a healthy relationship?

# How do we handle the pressure to be sexually active in dating relationships?

What are some things you've heard peers do?

#### Intimacy

- A safe, close, familiar, and usually affectionate personal relationship with another person or group.
- a private cozy atmosphere
- might include sexual intercourse but it doesn't have to.

#### What does intimacy look like?

- ▶ Eye contact
- Spend time together doing things you like doing
- ► Laughter

#### Blank Slate Exercise

- ► This can be an anonymous exercise if you don't want to identify yourself
- You each will be given a blank sheet of paper.
- We would like you to write down if you have felt pressure to be sexually active in a relationship?
- And, or, what are the pressures you feel to act/be a certain way as a young person?
- ▶ On the same piece of paper, please feel free to ask an anonymous question if you would like to.

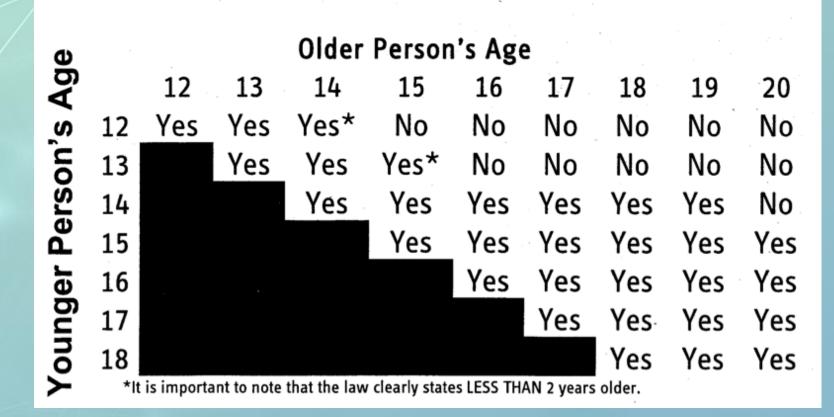


What is the age of consent in

Canada?



#### IS THIS LEGAL?



# So what does "age of consent" mean for me?

- If you are 16 years old or older you can consent to sexual activity with anyone except...
- ▶ If you are 14 or 15 you can consent to sexual activity with anyone your age or up to 19-20 years of age **except...**
- If you are 12 or 13 you can consent to sexual activity with anyone your age up to 14-15 years of age **except...**

... Consent cannot be given at times when consent cannot be given due to relationships of trust, power, authority, dependency or sexual exploitation

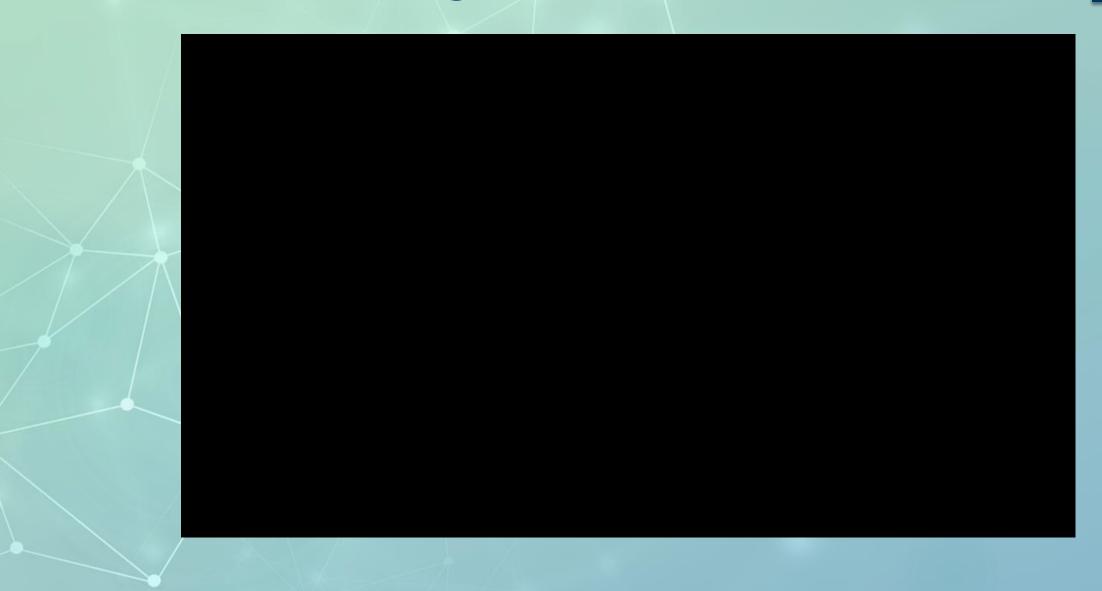


#### Examples of Sexual Harassment

- Making sexual jokes, comments of gestures to or about someone
- ▶ Touching the person's clothing, hair, or body
- Unwanted letters, telephone calls, texts, etc.
- Repeatedly asking out a person who is not interested
- ▶ Telling lies or spreading rumors (in person, text or online)
- Writing sexual messages about people on bathroom stalls or in other public places
- ► Showing someone inappropriate sexual pictures or videos
- Giving a massage
- Standing close or brushing up against another person
- ▶ Telling sexual jokes or stories



## What is Sexting?



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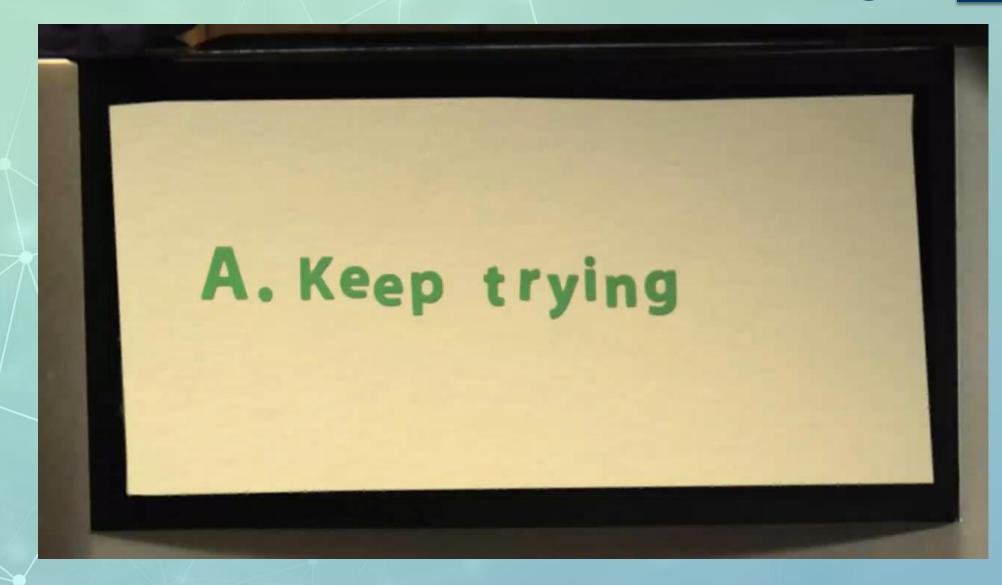
## What is Sexting?



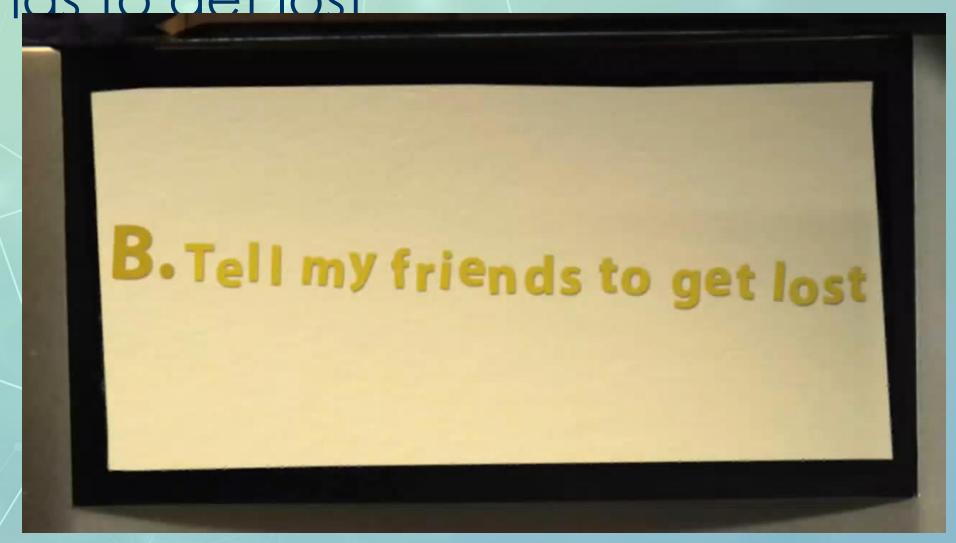
Pressure Pic Problem C: Send her pics of my junk

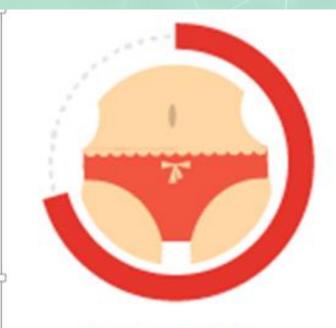


#### Pressure Pic Problem A: Keep trying



Pressure Pic Problem B: Tell my friends to aet lost





70%
of teens have admitted to sexting their girlfriend or boyfriend



of ALL teenagers are estimated to have sent suggestive images or messages

#### Sexting and the law

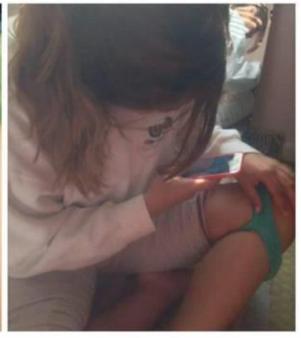
#### It is illegal to:

- share nude and/or sexual images or videos without the permission or consent of the person who took the original photo or video.
- send sexual pictures or videos of anyone who is, or appears to be under 18 yr. old (child pornography)
- store child pornography (possession)
- sell or share child pornography (distribution)

#### Safer Sexting

When he asks for nudes but u ain't about that life

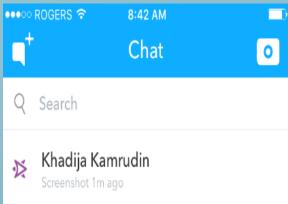




- ▶ Apps
- Icloud/other servers can be hacked
- Don't capture your face
- Turn off location and Exif Data Capture
- ► TRUST
- CONSENT









#### Hospital Exam

- It's often recommended that after a sexual assault has taken place, you don't bathe or change your clothes until you've gone to the hospital for an examination.
- ▶ It's important to go to the hospital after you've been sexually assaulted so the staff can make sure you're not physically hurt.
- ► Hospital staff can talk to you about testing for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and pregnancy, if needed.
- ▶ It can be helpful to go to the hospital because the staff can look for physical evidence in case you decide to press charges against the attacker.

(taken from Kid's Help phone- https://kidshelpphone.ca/article/what-sexual-assault-0)

#### Making a Report/Process

- If you want to report to the police, you will be interviewed by an officer(s) and asked questions about the incident. It is their job to determine if there is enough evidence to press charges and bring the case to court.
- Even if some time has passed since the sexual assault took place, you can still report it. If you want more information before you make a decision about reporting a sexual assault, you can call the police anonymously to learn more about the process or talk to your local Community Based Victim Service Worker

(taken from Kid's Help phone- https://kidshelpphone.ca/article/what-sexual-assault-0)



